

Xeon 3 Power 850nm Infrared Emitter LED

OSI3XNE3E1E

Ver.A.3.2

•Outline Dimension

Cathode(-)

Anode

Unit:mm

Tolerance:±0.20mm unless otherwise noted

- Cathode

Anode(+)

(Ta=25℃)

-Features

- Highest luminous flux
- Super energy efficiency
- Very long operating life
- Superior ESD protection

Applications

- Night Vision
- Camera
- Outdoor./Indoor applications

Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Forward Current	$I_{\rm F}$	1000	mA
Pulse Forward Current*	\mathbf{I}_{FP}	2000	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	v
Power Dissipation	PD	2000	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~ +100	°C
Manual Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C /5sec	_

Directivity

1200 1000

800

600

400 200 0

Forward Current, IF (mA)

ģ

14.5



■Forward Operating Current (DC)

 $Rth(J-a)=20^{\circ}C/W$

 $Rth(I-a)=30^{\circ}C/W$

Rth(J-a)=40 °C/W

20

40

Ambient Temperature, TA(磨)

60

80

100

*Pulse width Max.10ms Duty ratio max 1/10

•Electrical -Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)						
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DC Forward Voltage	V_{F}	I _F =700mA	-	1.7	2.0	V
DC Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	-	-	10	μA
Peak Wavelength	λρ	IF=700mA	-	850	-	nm
Radiant Power	Po	I _F =700mA	200	250	-	mW
50% Power Angle	201/2	I _F =700mA	-	140	-	deg

*1 Tolerance of measurements of Peak wavelength is ± 1 nm

*2 Tolerance of measurements of Radiant Power is $\pm 15\%$

*3 Tolerance of measurements of forward voltage is ± 0.1 V

Note: Don't drive at rated current more than 5s without heat sink for Xeon 2 emitter series.











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RELIABILITY TEST REPORT

CLASSIFICATION		TEST ITEM		TEST CONDTION		
		ROOM T	TEMPERATURE	E If: 700mA		
		OPERATION I	LIFE	Ta:25±5 <u>℃</u>		
				TEST TIME=1000HRS		
		HIGH		R.H:90~95%		
		TEMPERTURE		Ta:65 <u>+</u> 5℃		
		HIGH HUMIDITY		TEST TIME=240HRS(+2HRS)		
ENDURANCE T	EST	STORAGE				
		HIGH		Ta:100°C		
		TEMPERTURE		TEST TIME=500HRS(-24HRS,+48HRS)		
		STORAGE				
		LOW		Ta:-40°C		
		TEMPERTURE		TEST TIME=500HRS(-24HRS,+48HRS)		
		STORAGE				
		TEMPERTURE		-40°C ~25°C ~100°C ~25°C		
		CYCLING		30min 5min 30min 5min		
				20cycles		
		RESISTANCE	ТО) Ta:260 <u>+</u> 5℃		
ENVIRONMENTAL T	EST	SOLDERING HE	EAT	TEST TIME=10 <u>+</u> 1sec		
		SOLDERABILITY	,	Ta:245 <u>+</u> 5℃		
				TEST TIME=5 <u>+</u> 1sec		

JUDGMENT CRITERIA OF FAILURE FOR THE RELIABILITY

MEASURING ITME	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	FAILURE CRITERIA
LUMINOUS INTENSITY	IV	IF=700mA	IV<0.5*L.S.L
FORWARD VOLTAGE	VF	IF=700mA	VF>1.2*U.S.L
REVERSE CURRENT	IR	Vr=5V	IR>2*U.S.L
SOLDERABILITY			LESS THAN 95% SOLDER
	-	-	COVERAGE

U.S.L : Upper Specification Limit

L.S.L : Lower Specification Limit





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OPERATION LIFE TEST LUMINANCE RATE CURVE

Operating Life Test(If=700mA, Ta=25degC)					
Φν%			Infrared		
120%					
100%	■ 100.0%	1 01.7%	98.5%	97.2%	
80%					
60%					
40%					
20%					
0% L		1			
Time (Hour	·s) 0	168	500	1000	

*Burn-in condition: 700mA With Heatsink

*Projection of Statistical Average Light Output Degradation Performance for LED Technology

Extrapolated from OptoSupply QA Dept. Test Data.

*According to OptoSupply outgoing Packaged Products Specification

*MTBF:50,000hrs, 90% Confidence (A Failure is Any LED Which is Open, shorted or fails to Emit Light)

*The Projected Data is Base on The Feature of LED Itself Under Normal Operation Conditions.

*Any Improper Circuit Design or External Factors Might Cause a Different Result.





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Storage

Storage Conditions

Before opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.

· After opening the package:

Soldering should be done right after opening the package (within 24hrs).

Keeping of a fraction, sealing and Temperature: 5~40°C Humidity: Less than 30%.

If the package has been opened more than 1 week or the color of desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-12hrs, at $60\pm3^{\circ}$ C.

 \cdot Optosupply LED electrode sections are comprised of a silver plated copper alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the User use the LEDs as soon as possible.

 \cdot Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

•Soldering Heat Reliability:

Reflow soldering Profile

 \cdot Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

- \cdot When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- · After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- · Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable,
- a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the

characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



