

#### 4.3x1.1x0.85mm Full Color RGB Side View SMD

# OSTB3806C1A-A

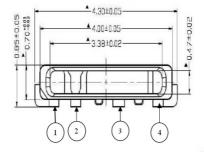
#### **■Features**

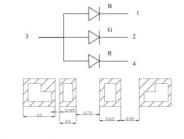
- High Luminous PLCC4 Top SMD LEDs
- 4.3x1.1x0.85mm Standard Directivity
- **UV** Resistant Silicone
- Water Clear Type

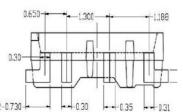
# Applications

- Full Color Screens
- Toys
- Games
- Decorative Lighting

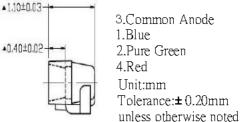
### **■Outline Dimension**





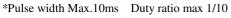


(Ta=25°℃)

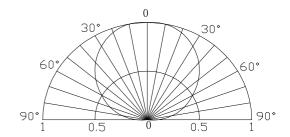


# ■Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Cumbal	Va	Unit	
	Symbol	Red	G/B	Ollit
DC Forward Current	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{F}}$	30	30	mA
Pulse Forward Current*	$I_{FP}$	100	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	5	V
Power Dissipation	$P_{D}$	78	102	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~ +85		$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~ +100		$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°℃	-	



# **■**Directivity



#### **■Electrical -Optical Characteristics** (Ta=25℃)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DC Forward Voltage	$V_F\left(\text{Red}\right)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	2.1	2.6	V
	$V_F(G/B)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	3.1	3.4	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	1	1	10	μΑ
Domi. Wavelength*	$\lambda_D(Red)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	620	625	630	nm
	$\lambda_D(Green)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	515	520	525	nm
	$\lambda_D(Blue)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	465	470	475	nm
Luminous Intensity*	Iv(Red)	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	750	1120	-	mcd
	Iv(Green)	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	1120	1560	-	mcd
	Iv(Blue)	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	330	500	-	mcd
50% Power Angle	2θ1/2	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	120	-	deg

- \*1 Tolerance of measurements of dominant wavelength is ±1nm
- \*2 Tolerance of measurements of luminous intensity is +15%
- \*3 Tolerance of measurements of forward voltage is ±0.1V

# CNAS ISO 9001: 2008







# **LED & Application Technologies**



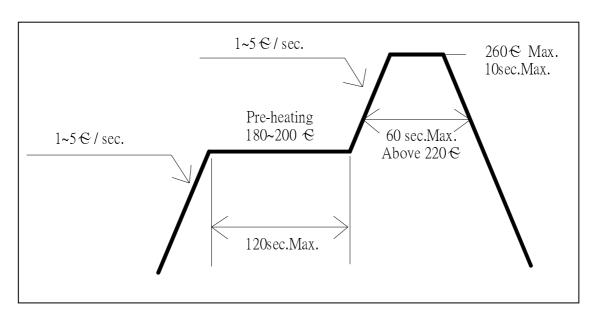
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#### **■** Soldering Conditions

Reflow Soldering		Hand Soldering			
Pre-Heat	180 ~ 200°C				
Pre-Heat Time	120 sec. Max.				
Peak temperature	260°C Max.	Temperature Soldering time	350°C Max.		
Dipping Time	10 sec. Max.		3 sec. Max.		
Condition	Refer to Temperature-profile		(one time only)		

## • Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



- \*Recommended soldering conditions vary according to the type of LED
- \*Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, reflow, or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- \*A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
- •All SMD LED products are pb-free soldering available.
- Occasionally there is a brightness decrease caused by the influence of heat or ambient atmosphere during air reflow. It is recommended that the User use the nitrogen reflow method.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.





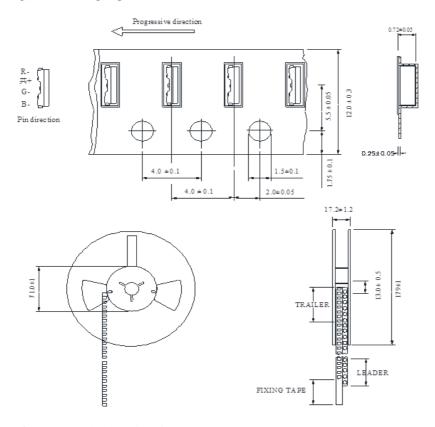




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# **PACKING**

#### PACKING DIMENTIONS



Notes: 1. Unit: mm 2. 4000pcs/Reel

#### **■** Storage

· Storage Conditions

Before opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.

· After opening the package:

Soldering should be done right after opening the package (within 24hrs).

Keeping of a fraction, sealing and Temperature: 5~30°C Humidity: Less than 30%.

If the package has been opened more than 24 Hours, components should be dried for 12 hrs, at  $60\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

- · Optosupply LED electrode sections are comprised of a silver plated copper alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the User use the LEDs as soon as possible.
- · Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur

### **LED & Application Technologies**







